#### Ways to Demonstrate the Verbs Used in the STAAR Alternate Assessment Tasks

Assessment tasks for STAAR Alternate have been written very broadly to allow access for a wide range of student abilities. The verbs used in each assessment task are important in distinguishing between the three complexity levels – application, basic recall, and beginning awareness. The following color-coded chart offers a brief summary of each of the three complexity levels. In order to have a better understanding of the verbs used at each level, the information beginning on page three gives a definition of each verb and how it should be used for the standardized assessment task at that complexity level.

In addition, this document offers examples of ways a student might respond to demonstrate performance at each level. Response modes among students may vary depending on the individual needs of each student and the nature of the disability; therefore, the example response modes are available as a resource but might not be appropriate for an individual student. Students assessed on STAAR Alternate assessment tasks should use the response modes that best reflect what is shown routinely during instruction and is a true demonstration of the skill. The information on page two of this document shows where and how to record student response modes.

**Complexity Levels at a Glance** 

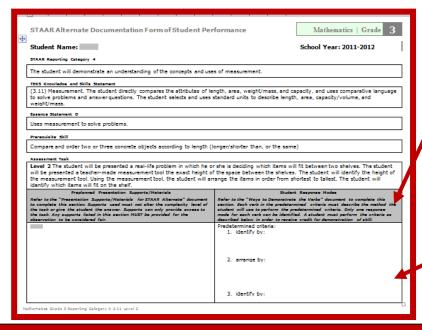
Level 3		Level 2	Level 1
Most com	plex – Application	Moderately complex – Basic Recall	Least complex – Beginning Awareness
Require	es a Student to:	Requires a Student to:	Requires a Student to:
<ul> <li>internalize skills beyond basic recall</li> <li>use higher-level thinking skills</li> <li>arrive at answers "on his or her own" as choices cannot be provided</li> <li>gather information or demonstrate skills using a wide array of materials</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>understanding of information</li> <li>recall or reproduce information</li> <li>arrive at answers when at least three choices are provided</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be aware of the task as it is occurring</li> <li>be aware of a change in stimuli but not be required to act on the stimuli</li> <li>be aware of information but not make choices or decisions based on the information</li> </ul>
Verbs U	Jsed at Level 3:	Verbs Used at Level 2:	Verbs Used at Level 1:
answer* classify compare conclude j conduct determine	estimate predictions predictio	arrange identify assist match	acknowledge anticipate experience explore participate respond

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

#### **Student Response Modes**

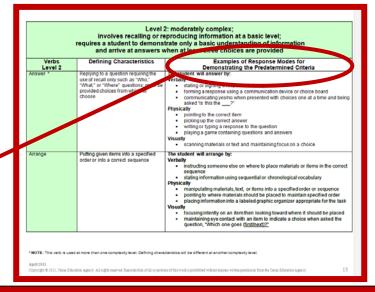
#### Response modes must:

- Allow the student to demonstrate the skill
- Be a typical response demonstrated regularly during classroom instruction
- Allow the student to be as independent as possible
- Maintain the integrity of the verbs used in the predetermined criteria
- Be preplanned
- Be identified for each verb in the predetermined criteria



## **Student Response Modes**

Refer to the "Ways to Demonstrate the Verbs" document to complete this section. Each verb in the predetermined criteria must describe the method the student will use to perform the predetermined criteria. Only one response mode for each verb can be identified. A student must perform the criteria as described below in order to receive credit for demonstration of skill.



Note: It is inappropriate to cut and paste information directly from the verb document to page 1 of the state-required documentation form when recording student response modes. Response modes should be individualized and specific with only one response identified per verb. The examples of response modes in this document are designed to give teachers ideas and often contain multiple actions and materials within one bullet. It is expected that teachers use this information to craft individual response modes specific to a student.

#### Level 3: most complex;

involves applying knowledge beyond basic recall; requires a student to internalize skills, use higher-level thinking skills, arrive at answers "on his or her own" as choices cannot be provided, and gather information or demonstrate skills using a wide array of materials

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Level 3		Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Analyze	Thinking critically; determining the characteristics of and/or relationships between ideas or items	The student will analyze by:  Verbally  • stating thoughts about relationships or characteristics of presented materials • signing comments about relationships or characteristics of presented information or items • answering higher-level thinking questions about relationships or characteristics of presented materials  Physically • writing or typing ideas or thoughts about relationships or characteristics of presented materials • manipulating items to gather information and answer higher-level questions • grouping or classifying information to show relationships • highlighting or placing sticky notes on sections of a text that may be used when formulating opinions or conclusions  Visually • observing or studying items or information and focusing on conclusions • focusing intently on a specific place in a graphic organizer to answer questions about relationships between ideas or items
Answer *	Replying to an open-ended question requiring the use of higher-level thinking skills (i.e., "Why," "How," "What if," or "Tell me about"); must reply on his or her own	The student will answer by:  Verbally  • providing a response to a question  • explaining his or her thoughts on a topic  • forming responses with the assistance of a communication device programmed with all of the student's working vocabulary  Physically  • writing a reply to the question  • recording responses on a word processor  • manipulating print to make a reply

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
	<ul> <li>using adaptive writing equipment to make responses</li> <li>using word prediction software to make responses</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>fixating on a specific answer after scanning reference or informational materials</li> </ul>
Grouping items together based on common characteristics or properties; must generate groupings on his or her own when given general parameters such as by attributes, habitats, or parts of speech	The student will classify by:  Verbally  • explaining how to categorize items • stating the common characteristics or properties of items  Physically  • pointing to items and where items should be placed to create groupings • placing items into categories • using computer software that allows information to be moved around  Visually • focusing intently on where items should be placed in a student-labeled graphic organizer
Studying two or more ideas or items and finding similarities and differences on his or her own	The student will compare by: Verbally  • naming characteristics that are the same and different Physically  • manipulating items to determine similarities and differences
ires a student to determine <i>both</i> larities and differences. Requiring a ent to determine only similarities or differences is an inappropriate	<ul> <li>manipulating items to determine similarities and differences</li> <li>pointing to characteristics that are the same and different</li> <li>recording similarities and differences in list form</li> <li>creating a Venn diagram</li> <li>grouping items in a variety of ways to establish commonalities and point out differences</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>focusing on similarities and differences after observing items or information</li> </ul>
i 1	common characteristics or properties; must generate groupings on his or her own when given general parameters such as by attributes, habitats, or parts of speech  Studying two or more ideas or items and finding similarities and differences

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Conclude	Reaching a logically necessary end or decision by reasoning	The student will conclude by:  Verbally  • stating his or her decision or response  • answering higher-level thinking questions requiring a synthesis of
Note: Be cautious when using questioning techniques to get a student to draw a conclusion. Questions must require higher-level thinking skills. Embedding information in the question is also inappropriate. For an example predetermined criterion in which the student must "conclude" how increasing the lengths of any of the sides of a rectangle affects the area, it is inappropriate to ask the student, "Does the area increase when the sides are increased?" A student must always be the one to draw the conclusion.		<ul> <li>answering higher-level thinking questions requiring a synthesis of information</li> <li>Physically         <ul> <li>writing or typing his or her decision or response</li> <li>eliminating erroneous information to arrive at a decision or response</li> <li>gesturing to a specific piece of information that indicates his or her final opinion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Visually         <ul> <li>indicating where to place ideas on a graphic organizer by focusing intently on where items should be placed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conduct	Taking part in or following a series of steps to completion; typically requires the use of various materials	The student will conduct by:  Verbally  instructing someone else on how to complete the steps of a procedure or investigation  explaining each step in a procedure or investigation  asking other people questions in a survey or interview  indicating what information he or she wants recorded from a variety of reference materials  activating a voice output device to interview another person  Physically  manipulating items in a procedure or investigation  following written or pictorial directions of a procedure or investigation in the order designated  highlighting or marking text to gather information on a research topic  Visually  observing actions or manipulation of items that he or she has directed  scanning a wide array of resources to determine what is needed to complete the investigation or research  indicating steps in a procedure or investigation by eye-gaze  monitoring the execution of the investigation by focusing on the steps and redirecting as needed

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Determine	Using prior knowledge, newly learned knowledge, or reference materials to make decisions or find answers on his or her own	The student will determine by:  Verbally  • stating or signing decisions or answers • describing observations • explaining where to place items or manipulatives to form a response • specifying sections in a text  Physically • pointing to or manipulating items to arrive at a response • writing or typing responses • illustrating or mapping responses • highlighting sections in a text that provides the requested information • marking sections of text using adhesive notes to indicate a response  Visually • scanning resource materials then stopping at the information that indicates his or her decision or answer • fixating on a specific piece of data or information to indicate a response
Edit *	Altering, adapting, or refining to suit a particular purpose; involves generating corrections on his or her own	The student will edit by:  Verbally  explaining how to correct the text  using a voice output device with all the student's working vocabulary and a wide array of editing options to correct the text  Physically  manipulating words and punctuation marks presented in a wide array to make corrections  rewriting text with corrections  retyping text with corrections  using a personal reference journal or other resource to determine ways to correct errors  Visually  scanning a wide array of proofreading rules and selecting the one needed to correct an error  focusing intently on a definite edit from a wide array of editing options

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Estimate	Judging approximately the value, worth, size, extent, or nature; must be a viable or reasonable judgment	The student will estimate by:  Verbally  • stating or signing a response that approximates mathematical computations  Physically  • manipulating items to come to a decision that approximates mathematical computations  • using nonstandard tools to gather information that approximates mathematical computations  • pointing to the estimated number from a chart containing a wide possibility of numbers  Visually  • scanning a wide array of nonstandard measurement tools and focusing on one or more to approximate mathematical computations  • looking at an item with a known value and comparing it to a new item, then indicating a response about the new item through eye-gaze
Evaluate	Determining the significance, worth, or condition by careful consideration and study	The student will evaluate by:  Verbally  explaining or signing the effectiveness of a process  Physically  manipulating materials to find the best possible outcome using tools in a trial-and-error investigation to find the best possible outcome providing evidence of an outcome's success or failure carrying out two or more different methods or strategies to determine the more effective one  Visually scanning to compare two or more resources to formulate a judgment observing or studying items or information and focusing on conclusions
Execute	Carrying out fully or doing what is necessary to reach an end product	The student will execute by:  Verbally  • describing the process used in a task from beginning to end  Physically  • acting out the task  • manipulating needed items to carry out a task  • performing each step of a task to completion

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
		Visually     observing actions or manipulation of items that he or she has directed     scanning a wide array of resources and determining what is needed to complete the task or procedure     gazing toward an item and where it should be placed to carry out a procedure
Generate	Producing or creating an end product or idea; must be able to create the end product or idea on his or her own	The student will generate by:  Verbally  • directing where to place letters, words, or numbers to form a product or presentation  • stating the requested information  • using voice-to-text software to produce original text  Physically  • making a product or presentation (i.e., graph, poster, pattern, mural, slideshow)  • writing or typing words, sentences, or summaries  Visually  • gazing toward items or information needed to make a product or presentation, then gazing to where the items or information should be placed
Justify	Proving or showing that responses are correct or reasonable	The student will justify by:  Verbally  explaining his or her response  describing the steps he or she went through to arrive at a conclusion  answering higher-level thinking questions posed by the teacher  Physically  pointing to text evidence supporting responses  removing erroneous information from a presentation  highlighting text evidence to support reasoning  Visually  scanning resources and locating evidence that supports his or her conclusion or response  gazing to isolate key information in a graphic organizer

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Level 3	Cooking out or finding anguars or	Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria  The student will least by:
Locate	Seeking out or finding answers or information on his or her own	The student will locate by: Verbally
	information on his or her own	
Note: It may be necessary to provide a framework or structure to help a student "locate" requested information. For example on a predetermined criterion to "locate" facts about a specific animal, it is allowable to provide the needed reference materials. The student, however, must still be the one to use the materials to locate the information. Teachers must use caution when providing reference materials so as not to skew the complexity level by limiting the information presented so much that the student is no longer locating but rather identifying from choices.		<ul> <li>telling or signing where to find information</li> <li>stating the requested information</li> <li>indicating a presentation should stop when requested information is read</li> <li>Physically</li> <li>pointing to or finding information from a wide array of resources</li> <li>pointing to specific information within a text, writing passage, map, or resource material to answer a question</li> <li>manipulating resources to determine which one would be best for a task</li> <li>using adhesive notes to mark answers or requested information</li> <li>using software with scanning capabilities to indicate requested information</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>focusing intently on the requested information</li> </ul>
		focusing intently on a resource he or she needs for a task
Measure	Using standard or non-standard tools to determine length, perimeter, area, weight/mass, capacity/volume, time, temperature, angles, changes in weather, and physical properties of matter	The student will measure by:  Verbally
Organize	Ordering by systematic planning; forming information into a coherent or functioning whole; often requires that ordering be sequential or chronological	The student will organize by: Verbally  • explaining how information should be arranged  • using chronological or sequential vocabulary to indicate order Physically  • ordering manipulatives into groups based on his or her own preferences

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
		<ul> <li>grouping thoughts or ideas displayed on sentence strips or in lists into categories or common features</li> <li>manipulating cards, pictures, or objects to create a timeline</li> <li>using computer software to create an organized presentation</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>watching others organize items into categories and indicating whether the placement is correct or incorrect</li> <li>gazing toward items and focusing on where they should be placed into categories</li> </ul>
Predict	Telling about a future event based on observation, experience, text evidence, prior knowledge, or scientific reason; prediction must be valid or reasonable for the situation	<ul> <li>The student will predict by: Verbally <ul> <li>describing what might happen "next" in a story or experiment</li> <li>answering higher-level thinking questions posed by the teacher</li> </ul> </li> <li>Physically <ul> <li>recording or grouping data from an experiment to use when determining trends</li> <li>manipulating information in a graphic organizer to show what might happen "next"</li> <li>acting out his or her prediction</li> </ul> </li> <li>Visually <ul> <li>studying information in a graphic organizer and deciding what might happen "next"</li> <li>focusing intently on an image that represents his or her prediction when presented a wide array of images</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Record	Providing written evidence or responses	The student will record by:  Verbally  • dictating responses to be written down  • telling another where to place information or data in a graphic organizer  Physically  • writing or typing information or responses  • using voice-to-text software to produce original text  • logging data into an organizer, chart, or graph  • placing dictated notes or information in an organizer, chart, or graph  • arranging words or letters to communicate ideas

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
		Visually     focusing on information/data and where it should be placed on an organizer, chart, or graph     eye-gazing to words or letters for another person to write down
Revise *	Making a new, amended, improved, or up-to-date version of a written text that was either self-created or created by someone else; must determine how to revise on his or her own	The student will revise by:  Verbally  explaining how to rearrange the text dictating revisions to be written down  Physically writing/typing a new version of a sentence or summary producing new text or deleting text reorganizing text to make it more compelling or to improve upon the logic  Visually focusing on words, sentences, or sections of text to delete and/or rearrange focusing on new pieces of text to add to a piece of writing to improve clarity
Role-play	Putting oneself in another person's position or role in order to demonstrate a skill or concept; involves using previously learned knowledge	The student will role play by:  Verbally  • delivering dialogue or lines in a role-play situation • directing another person to act out a scenario  Physically  • acting out a problem-solving scenario with or without props • acting out a scenario when given a specific purpose  Visually  • observing, directing through eye-gaze, and reacting to others who are performing the role play  • focusing on steps (represented by photos or drawings) to indicate the actions of another person in a role-playing scenario

<sup>\*</sup> **NOTE:** This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

Verbs Level 3	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria  The student will select by: Verbally  • explaining what is needed for a task such as tools, mathematical operations, or reference materials  • stating decisions on writing topics, types of genre, or ways to solve a
Select	Making reasonable decisions on his or her own; must use information from personal knowledge of topics or from a wide array of materials when making decisions	
Note: Choices can never be provided; however, a wide array of materials can be provided to help focus the student on the task. A wide array is an abundance of both relevant and irrelevant materials that the student may review or use to help him or her make an appropriate selection. For example on a predetermined criterion to "select" an informational text, a wide array of books from different genres could be provided along with several types of informational texts from which the student can make a selection.		<ul> <li>problem</li> <li>Physically <ul> <li>gathering needed materials or resources for a specific task when materials are not readily available or within view</li> <li>highlighting selected information using computer software</li> <li>pointing to a desired or necessary item after reviewing a wide array of information or materials</li> </ul> </li> <li>Visually <ul> <li>maintaining focus on desired or necessary items or materials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Solve	Arriving at an explanation or answer to a whole problem on his or her own; may involve more than one step to be completed at one time	The student will solve by:  Verbally  • stating the answer to a problem  • explaining the steps of a problem-solving process  Physically  • writing or typing answers or explanations  • using the appropriate operations on a calculator  • using manipulatives to arrive at an answer  Visually  • eye-gazing on numbers or objects to be included in an equation and where those numbers need to be placed  • focusing on the numbers, operations, or directions necessary to complete a problem-solving process

Reference

Dictionary and Thesaurus – Merriam-Webster Online: <u>www.merriam-webster.com</u>

### Level 2: moderately complex;

# involves recalling or reproducing information at a basic level; requires a student to demonstrate only a basic understanding of information and arrive at answers when at least three choices are provided

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Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Answer * Replying to a question requiring the use of recall only such as "Who," "What," or "Where" questions; must be provided choices from which to choose  Note: When asking "yes/no" questions, at least three questions must be presented so that the student has more than just a fifty-fifty chance of getting the correct answer. Yes/no questions should only be used for those students with limited language.		The student will answer by:  Verbally  • stating or signing a response to the question • forming a response using a communication device or choice board • communicating yes/no when presented with choices one at a time and being asked "Is this the?"  Physically • pointing to the correct item • picking up the correct answer • writing or typing a response to the question • playing a game containing questions and answers  Visually
Note: When arranging items or information, it is appropriate to tell the student how to "arrange" them (i.e., "from longest to shortest" or "by color"). Providing templates or items to match to would not be appropriate as the student <i>must</i> be the one to do the arranging.		<ul> <li>stating information using sequential or chronological vocabulary</li> <li>Physically <ul> <li>manipulating materials, text, or items into a specified order or sequence</li> <li>pointing to where materials should be placed</li> <li>placing information into a labeled graphic organizer appropriate for the task</li> </ul> </li> <li>Visually <ul> <li>focusing intently on an item then looking toward where it should be placed</li> <li>maintaining eye contact with an item to indicate a choice when asked the question, "Which one goes (<u>first/next)?"</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Level 2		Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
	Performing some steps or part of an activity with a teacher or peer that directly relates to the skill being measured in the task; must be actively involved in the task for the entire process but is not required to perform all steps of the process  dent does not need to steps of the activity.	The student will assist by:  Verbally  asking others questions as part of a survey instructing another person as to what to do to perform an activity  Physically  placing items or words in specified locations manipulating objects or tools at appropriate times in an experiment or procedure using sequenced flash cards of the steps to complete a task in a procedure manipulating pages of a text in order to find information placing specified information in a presentation  Visually verifying the correctness of an observed step performed by another person focusing on the steps in a procedure represented by photos or drawings to indicate the sequential order of a process eye-gazing to the next step or needed material to continue a procedure
Choose	Making decisions from choices provided; more than one correct choice may be provided as these tasks typically require the student to choose a preference such as in "choose a topic to write about" or "choose a non-standard tool for measuring length"	<ul> <li>The student will choose by:</li> <li>Verbally</li> <li>communicating yes/no when presented with options one at a time and being asked "Is this the one you want?"</li> <li>stating a preference through words or vocal approximations</li> <li>activating a communication device to express an opinion or choice</li> <li>Physically</li> <li>pointing to objects, pictures, or words</li> <li>picking up objects, pictures, or words</li> <li>smiling to indicate a choice when presented with options one at a time and being asked "Is this the one you want?"</li> <li>nodding head in the direction of the preferred option</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>scanning items or words and maintaining focus on the desired option</li> </ul>
Complete	Finishing or bringing a task to an end; typically requires the student to finish an activity that has already been partially completed	The student will complete by:  Verbally  • telling what needs to be done to finish a process or task  • dictating responses for the task

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Level 2		Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria Physically
		<ul> <li>pointing to where items should be placed in graphic organizers</li> <li>filling in templates with written responses or word cards</li> <li>placing items into groups or onto graphs</li> <li>using specialized computer software to insert text into templates or Cloze sentences</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>focusing intently on an item and then gazing to where it should be placed on graphs, story maps, or graphic organizers</li> </ul>
Construct	Making or forming by combining or	The student will construct by:
	arranging given parts together	Verbally
		<ul> <li>stating how to assemble or arrange parts to make a whole</li> </ul>
		stating how parts are to be arranged
		Physically
		manipulating letters or words to form words or sentences  and dispute and from any port to another to also works to an add to be
		<ul> <li>nodding head from one part to another to show what needs to be combined</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>using specialized computer software to insert text into templates or to arrange text in a specified way</li> </ul>
		Visually
		<ul> <li>focusing intently on an item and then gazing to where it should be placed on graphs, story maps, or graphic organizers</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>focusing on items, pieces of data, or information to be combined</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>gazing from one item to the next to indicate parts that go together</li> </ul>
Count	Reciting or communicating the	The student will count by:
	numbers in order	Verbally
		<ul> <li>saying or signing numbers</li> <li>Physically</li> </ul>
		touching numbers in sequence
		pairing manipulatives with numbers
		<ul> <li>using a calculator to increase numbers by a specified amount (e.g., by ones, by twos, by fives)</li> </ul>
		Visually
		tracking numbers on a number line as the teacher touches and names each number
		<ul> <li>focusing on which number is next in a sequence</li> </ul>

Verbs Level 2	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Edit *	Altering, adapting, or refining to suit a particular purpose; involves identifying corrections from choices	The student will edit by:  Verbally  • dictating corrections to text based on a model  • communicating where to place words or corrected information in text  Physically  • pointing to a correction from a list of at least three editing choices  • writing or typing corrections to text using a list of editing rules  • placing corrected information in appropriate locations of text  Visually  • scanning a list of proofreading rules and maintaining focus on the one needed to correct an error  • eye-gazing to the correction on a list of at least three editing choices
Examine	Inspecting closely for a specific purpose; typically requires the student to do something with the information learned through the examination process	The student will examine by:  Verbally  • telling about the features of an item  • commenting on aspects of an item after using the senses to investigate  • stating observations about an item, object, or graph  Physically  • manipulating items or information to identify characteristics  • using the senses of touch, smell, and taste to gain information  Visually  • inspecting items or information to identify their properties or characteristics  • watching a short video clip on an item or topic  • attending to a presentation on a topic  • looking at objects from different angles to gain information about the object
Identify	Singling out the "one" that is named, described, or requested	The student will identify by:  Verbally  • naming or signing responses  • communicating yes/no when presented with choices one at a time and being asked "Is this the?"  • making a positive vocalization to indicate his or her answer to a question or command

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

Verbs Level 2	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
		Physically     touching or picking up requested objects, pictures, or words     placing written information or objects in the appropriate locations of a text or graph     pointing to requested information on a model or graphic display     placing adhesive notes on requested information     highlighting requested information     playing a game containing questions and answers  Visually     maintaining focus on one choice for his or her response
Match	Putting objects or items together in a one-to-one pairing; should be evaluated as a total task rather than one object or item at a time	<ul> <li>The student will match by: Verbally <ul> <li>communicating where to place words, objects, pictures, or representations</li> <li>making a positive vocalization to indicate matches when shown matched and unmatched items</li> <li>making a negative vocalization to unmatched items</li> </ul> </li> <li>Physically <ul> <li>cutting and pasting items or information that go together</li> <li>placing objects, words, pictures or representations with corresponding objects, words, pictures, or representations</li> <li>pointing to a letter or word and a corresponding letter or word</li> <li>placing amounts of items with corresponding units</li> <li>nodding from one object to another to indicate the objects belong together</li> </ul> </li> <li>Visually <ul> <li>gazing from one item to another to indicate the items belong together</li> <li>observing one image, then focusing on a matching image from three choices</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Reproduce	Imitating an action/example or producing a duplicate of an action/example that has been previously observed or experienced	The student will reproduce by: Verbally  • communicating where to place manipulatives to copy an existing example Physically  • placing manipulatives to copy an existing example  • tracing letters, words, numbers, or sentences from an example  • copying letters, words, numbers, or sentences from an example  Visually  • finding a duplicate example by eye-gaze

Verbs Level 2	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Revise *	Making a new, amended, improved, or up-to-date version of a written text that was either self-created or created by someone else; student may choose ways to revise from options	The student will revise by:  Verbally  • dictating revisions to a text based on a model  • instructing someone else on where to place new words or text in an original text  Physically  • writing/typing a new version of a sentence or summary based on a model  • replacing words in an original text with new text  • removing parts of text that do not apply to specified rules or guidelines  • rearranging parts of text for clarity or logical progression  • using word processing software to cut, paste, and move text  Visually  • focusing intently on a choice of words or sentences that will improve a piece of writing  • focusing on extraneous parts of text to delete
Share	Using, experiencing, or enjoying interaction with others	The student will share by:  Verbally  • commenting on work using an appropriate communication mode (i.e., sign language, voice-output device)  Physically  • showing or handing work to another person  • pointing to information in a display as it is read by an adult or peer  • smiling at the recipient of a presentation  Visually  • focusing on a poster or presentation to encourage others to view it  • focusing on favorite parts of a shared item for another to notice
Sort	Putting items into groups when given the categories, characteristics, or attributes	The student will sort by: Verbally  communicating where objects or items should be placed responding with yes/no when presented with choices one at a time and being asked "Does this go here?"

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: This verb is used at more than one complexity level. Defining characteristics will be different at another complexity level.

Verbs Level 2	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Level Z		Physically <ul> <li>moving or placing objects or items into given categories</li> <li>pointing to where objects or items should be placed</li> <li>using computer software that allows information to be moved and organized in different ways</li> </ul> <li>Visually         <ul> <li>focusing on the groups in which objects or items should be placed</li> </ul> </li>
Supply	Providing additional or missing information to a task; often becomes an extension to the original information	The student will supply by:  Verbally  • stating the needed information  Physically  • placing prerecorded notes or information in designated areas  • pointing to information  • using computer software to insert information into text or graphs  • writing text or numbers  Visually  • focusing on notes or information needed  • fixating on an object that can be used to replace a presented object  • scanning resources to locate a response

Reference

Dictionary and Thesaurus – Merriam-Webster Online: <a href="www.merriam-webster.com">www.merriam-webster.com</a>

# Level 1: least complex;

involves responding to knowledge at the beginning awareness level; requires a student to be aware of the task as it is occurring, be aware of a change in stimuli but not required to act on the stimuli, and be aware of information but not make choices or decisions based on the information

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for
Level 1 Acknowledge	Having an awareness of a single object, item, individual, or idea when presented to the student; requires limited knowledge or understanding of the object, item, individual, or idea; does not require the student to make a decision or choice	The student will acknowledge by: Verbally  • making a positive or negative vocalization in response to a presentation or materials  Physically  • holding an object when it is presented in isolation  • smiling or frowning in response to a presentation or materials  • manipulating objects presented in isolation  Visually  • maintaining eye contact with a presentation or materials  • scanning between the teacher and the presentation or materials
Anticipate	Showing an awareness that an object, item, or event is about to be repeated; reacting in a way that signals that the student is aware of an upcoming change	The student will anticipate by: Verbally  • vocalizing prior to the repeated action Physically  • moving toward a location or materials  • smiling prior to a repeated action  • showing excitement by facial expressions prior to a repeated action Visually  • eye-gazing toward a location or materials
Experience	Receiving information through exposure to stimuli; typically involves the use of many of the senses	The student will experience by:  Verbally  making positive or negative vocalizations in response to an event or activity varying the tone or intensity of vocalizations in response to stimuli  Physically  smiling or frowning in response to an event or activity showing excitement with increased body movement activating a switch to start an activity

Verbs Level 1	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
		<ul> <li>manipulating objects</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>observing an event or activity</li> <li>maintaining eye contact with a stimulus</li> <li>watching a video, video clip, or media presentation</li> </ul>
Explore	Becoming familiar with by testing or experimenting; does not require the student to do anything with any information gained through the exploration process	The student will explore by:  Verbally  • vocalizing positively or negatively during an experience or when in contact with objects  • increasing or decreasing vocalizations when in contact with a stimulus  Physically  • manipulating items  • smiling or frowning during an experience  • touching, smelling, or tasting to gain input  Visually  • observing or maintaining focus on an item or experience  • tracking objects as they are manipulated by another person
Participate	Having involvement in an activity with a teacher or peer; involves awareness of the activity throughout the process	The student will participate by:  Verbally  • vocalizing throughout the activity  • activating an augmentative communication device when presented by the teacher
the verb "partic to perform any process on his complexity leve	nappropriate interpretation of cipate" to require a student step of an activity or or her own. Students at this el are only required to be tivity or process.	<ul> <li>Physically</li> <li>manipulating items</li> <li>activating a switch to perform an action</li> <li>moving whole body or body parts to imitate an action</li> <li>touching, smelling, or tasting an object or item</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>observing an activity or action</li> <li>maintaining focus on an activity</li> </ul>

Verbs	Defining Characteristics	Examples of Response Modes for Demonstrating the Predetermined Criteria
Respond	Reacting to stimuli; may be positive or negative but must be authentic or purposeful	The student will respond by:  Verbally  making positive or negative vocalizations  Physically
Note: If a student can "respond" by answering a question or making a choice of any kind, then he or she should not be assessed at complexity level 1. Students at this complexity level are only required to react to stimuli.		<ul> <li>Physically</li> <li>smiling or frowning at stimuli</li> <li>touching items</li> <li>picking up or holding items</li> <li>holding head upright or turning head toward stimuli</li> <li>Visually</li> <li>looking at stimuli</li> <li>tracking items or stimuli</li> </ul>

Reference

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